Iroquois County Agricultural & 4-H Club Fair

Open & Junior Class General Livestock Rules

- 1. These rules apply to all classes in the Open & Junior Livestock Departments. Please read and follow these rules.
- 2. Open class entries are open to the world. Junior entries are limited exclusively to Illinois residents. Junior Class entries are open to boys and girls who are 8 years of age or in third grade and not yet 21 years of age on or before September 1 of the year prior to the fair.
- 3. All non-exhibitors age 6 and older must pay daily admission (\$5.00) or have a season pass (\$17.00) to enter the fairgrounds.
- 4. Each exhibitor must purchase an exhibitor pass at the time of making entries, a firm being treated as an exhibitor. Only one member of the firm will be admitted to the grounds on this ticket, which entitles their firm to compete or exhibit. 4-H members are given a free pass and may not purchase an exhibitor pass.
- 5. The interpretation of all rules governing the Open & Junior Fairs shall rest entirely with the Fair Association and their decisions shall be final.
- 6. Lights out in all Livestock Barns at 11:00 pm.
- 7. No concealed firearms will be allowed on the fairgrounds.
- 8. No Alcoholic beverages allowed on the fairgrounds. Possession or use of intoxicating beverages for livestock and/or human consumption is strictly prohibited on the fairgrounds.
- 9. No dogs will be allowed on the fairgrounds except for the 4-H Dog Show and those must be on a leash.
- 10. Unsportsmanlike conduct, abusive/foul language, possession of, or partaking in consumption of alcoholic beverages, fighting, or inappropriate behavior as deemed by the Supt., and Fair Board Officials will be grounds for dismissal from the fairgrounds and forfeiture of any premiums.
- 11. No trucks or trailers may be driven on the inside main circle drive from Noon on Tuesday until Monday morning of the following week. However, the main circle drive on the east side of the track from the bathroom to the 4-H center is **CLOSED** from the Monday morning prior to the fair until the Monday morning of the following week.
- 12. Entryways/exits to barns must be clear of people, equipment, tents, chairs, etc. at ALL Times.
- 13. Junior Show classes must be separate and distinct classes from the open and 4-H show classes and must be shown and competitively judged separately from the 4-H and open shows or exhibitions. (Section 260.95 d)
- 14. County 4-H shows or exhibitions must have separate and distinct classes from junior and open show classes. (Section 260.300 b)

Entries

- 15. Make entries legible, using entry blanks and supplying all information requested, including the number of pens and stalls, breed of livestock, and number of livestock entered. Exhibitors are requested to submt their entries as early as possible as this will save office work and will be to the advantage of both the exhibitor and association. Social Security Numbers are required on all entries. No exceptions. Premise ID number is recommended for ALL livestock exhibitors.
- 16. Tack Stalls will be granted if stalls are available. Just because you pay for a tack pen does not mean that you will receive one.
- 17. No exhibitor will be permitted to make more than two entries in any one class which is considered as one premium number. Each exhibitor may show as many breeds as they wish.
- 18. ANYONE entering livestock in the Open Class or Junior Show must pay a one-time stall or pen rent per specie. The only exception applies to 4-Her's who are only showing in 4-H and not in any Open or Junior Show.
- 19. A charge of \$40.00 will be made for all checks returned for Not Sufficient Funds.

Show Requirements

20. All livestock must be on the fairgrounds from Noon on Tuesday until 2:00 pm on Sunday. All Exhibitors are responsible for barn cleanup. No exhibitor shall remove any exhibit or any part of any exhibit without

- permission of the Board of Directors. Early release to go to another fair is NOT allowed NOR is the superintendent allowed to release early. Premiums will be in jeopardy if these rules are not followed. NO EARLY RELEASES WILL BE ALLOWED in accordance with state rule (see Sections 260.50a) and 260.55a5) & C-Part 260 Fair Operation Under the Agricultural Fair Act.
- 21. Exhibits and livestock are required to be in place for exhibition on the fairgrounds for a minimum of three days, except for exhibits and livestock, in 4-H club shows, junior shows, one-day shows and in Departments C, E, Q, R, S, T, V, and Z. The County Fair Board may require specified exhibits and livestock to stay beyond the minimum 72-hour exhibition time. The number of days the exhibition or livestock must be on the fairgrounds for exhibition shall be indicated in the Premium Book. If recommended by the county Fair's veterinarian and approved by fair management, early dismissal of livestock may be granted for the following reasons: disease outbreak, severe hot weather, or other existing conditions which may result in the death of livestock. The Bureau may also grant early dismissal of livestock and other exhibits in emergency situations upon recommendation of fair management in the case where facilities have been lost due to fire, wind, or heavy rain damage to tents and barns, or loss of electrical power, or if facilities cannot accommodate livestock due to space limitations.
- 22. All animals exhibited must be owned and personally cared for by the exhibitor, and records must be available for any animals if requested by the fair management. Each exhibitor must personally care for the animal during the feeding period, including show preparation and getting animals to ring and back, or required tenure of ownership. Parents may assist their child with this process. All purebred animals shown must be owned by the exhibitor and must be registered in the name of the exhibitor. No partnership agreements. Registration papers for ALL purebred animals must be available for inspection or premiums will be withheld. Registration papers must remain on the fairgrounds throughout the fair.
- 23. Health papers must be turned into barn superintendents by noon on Tuesday. If Health papers are not submitted, the animals will not be able to remain on Fairgrounds. Health papers will be returned at cleanup on Sunday.
- 24. Show order will be as printed in fair book.
- 25. All exhibitors of champions and individuals who show more than one specie or have more than one grand champion must notify **FAIR OFFICE BY WEDNESDAY AT 7:00 pm** which specie or champion will be selling on Livestock Sale except rabbits and they will notify as soon as the meat pens have been judged on Thursday.
- 26. ALL LIVESTOCK TRAILERS FOR EXHIBITS STAYING LONGER THAN ONE DAY MUST BE UNLOADED AND REMOVED FROM THE FAIRGROUNDS BY 4:00 pm TUESDAY TO FREE UP PARKING. Trailers staying for one day only should park in areas designated by Fair Officials to free up space for parking. NO livestock trucks and trailers will be allowed to be parked in campground area. No EXCEPTIONS.
- 27. All superintendents in each department shall have the right and responsibility to settle any controversy which may arise in their department. Superintendents cannot make changes to the fair book.
- 28. When bringing exhibits to the fair, report to the superintendent in charge of the department in which you have entered. Be sure that your entries are properly made.
- 29. Superintendents of each department shall arrange and supervise all exhibits within their department. No exhibitor will be permitted to reserve pens or stalls for feed and equipment at their own discretion. Department Superintendents will assign ALL pen space. All pens must have name cards which can be obtained from the superintendent for State Inspector information.
- 30. All animals must be exhibited in such places and at such times as the superintendent in charge shall direct. The owner of such animals must have the same in readiness for examination and exhibition at the time set to avoid delay. Exhibitor is responsible for having livestock and other exhibits in the show ring at the time classes are called. This rule must be strictly obeyed.
- 31. Superintendent and Assistants will determine breed at scales if there is a question. No class changes will be allowed after scales close.

- 32. If three breeders do not exhibit 10 or more animals in a particular breed, then the classes within that breed will be combined the following year, or in any other department if entries deem insufficient to warrant a class, then that class will be either dropped or combined with another category.
- 33. If the same animal(s) are shown in 4-H Show, FFA Show, Junior Show and Open Show classes, they must be shown under the same exhibitor's name (for example, only the person whose name appears on the entry blanks may show the animal(s) in all the shows.
- 34. Junior Show All animals must be exhibited in the show ring by the owner unless special permission is granted by the board of directors; then, only by other Junior Show exhibitors.
- 35. Any exhibitor washing an animal in an inappropriate spot other than a wash rack will forfeit all their premiums.
- 36. Each exhibitor will be responsible for keeping their pens and stables clean and bedded. Alleys and pens are to be kept clean and free from all debris, all feed boxes, pails and show equipment must be kept neatly stored.
- 37. Livestock exhibitors desiring to use a portable generator during the fair must meet the rules set forth by the State Fire Marshall and the Iroquois Co. Fair Board. No generators will be permitted without first registering it with the fair secretary and securing a permit. Only 1 fan per 3 animals allowed.
- 38. No one shall be allowed in the show area while the exhibit is being judged except the exhibitor and helper. Any exhibitor attempting to interfere with judges during their judging will be promptly excluded from competition.
- 39. The decision of the judges will be final, and no appeal will be considered. Exhibitors may be barred from competition for trying to influence or finding fault with the judges' decision.
- 40. PROTEST: Any exhibitor lodging a protest must first deposit \$25.00 with the Secretary, which sum will be forfeited to the Iroquois County Agricultural and 4-H Club Fair Association if protest is not sustained. All protests must be made in writing, signed by the protestor, and be lodged within six (6) hours after showing.
- 41. Neither the Secretary or any officer of the Fair shall disclose to competitors or any other person, what entries have been made, nor shall any other person, other than the Secretary and officers of the Fair, be allowed to know what other entries have been made before entries close.
- 42. Exhibitors display their exhibits at their own risk.
- 43. Sponsors of the show will take every precaution to prevent injury or sickness to exhibitors or to livestock occurring in connection with the show.
- 44. While every precaution will be taken by the management to avoid thefts and accidents, the Fair Association cannot and will not be responsible for accidents or damage to exhibitors or anyone in attendance. In no case shall the Iroquois County Fair or any of its officers or directors be held responsible in damages for any loss, damage injury, or disability by disease or from the theft of from any other cause to such property, or to any person coming upon said fairgrounds, while said person or property are on the Iroquois County Fairgrounds.
- 45. The Iroquois County Fair Association hereby refuses to assume responsibility for the safety as bailee or otherwise, of any property brought upon said fairgrounds—said property being brought upon and kept upon said grounds at the owner's risk.
- 46. The Iroquois County Agricultural & 4-H Club Fair Association refuses to assume responsibility for injuries to the person of any exhibitor or their officers and employees or to any patron or other person coming upon the fairgrounds, but no claim for injury to any person or property shall be asserted or suit instituted or maintained against the Iroquois County Fair, its officers, agents, representatives or contractual representatives from said cause by any person having license or privilege to exhibit on the fairgrounds or occupying any space thereon, and it is part of the consideration for such license or privilege that such claims for damages are specifically waived.

Premiums

47. Premiums will be paid out at the pay windows as soon as they are ready. Announcements will be made via the PA system as to when Pay Windows will open. Tentative Pay window hours are noon to 7:00 pm.

- 48. Superintendents shall record winners, affix ribbons, and be responsible for returning appropriate information to the Fair Office for payment of premiums as soon as show is over. Payments of premiums can be authorized only upon accurate entries contained in the judge's book therein.
- 49. The Superintendents will assure that award books are returned to the Fair Office properly certified by the judge and superintendent of the Department as soon as the awards are concluded. Superintendents and Judges affidavits must be signed before payment of premiums.
- 50. The Iroquois County Fair intends to award all prizes and premiums listed within the premium book.
- 51. Payments for premiums are based on the continued funding from the Illinois Department of Agriculture's premium fund for agricultural fairs. The Iroquois County Fair reserves the right to amend premiums and prizes based upon support from this fund.
- 52. The Treasurer of the Iroquois County Fair Association reserves the right to cancel or stop payment on any check issued by them if not cashed within 60 days after the date of issuance.
- 53. All premiums will be paid in full, if receipts warrant it, on or before October 1 following the closing of the fair. Premiums will not be paid for any event not held.

Rules for the Release of Livestock

- A. Early release of animals can only be authorized by Fair President or General Livestock Superintendent (not building superintendents or Fair Board members).
- B. Release time 2:00 pm Sunday.
- C. Livestock CANNOT be loaded on trailer prior to release time.
- D. Tack may be loaded ahead of time but after church service. Trailers may not be in area of barns.
- E. Do not block roadways while loading.
- F. Trailers may NOT be driven or loaded from the inside main circle driveway.

PREMISES REGISTRATION ENCOURAGED

- 54. Premises Registration is encouraged to exhibit livestock (beef, dairy, horses, swine, sheep, goats, poultry, and rabbits) at the Illinois county fairs/State Fair.
- 55. Registering a premise involves obtaining a seven-character alpha-numeric "identifier" for the farm, ranch, veterinary clinic, or other site where livestock or fowl are handled, housed, managed, or processed.
- 56. Choosing to register your premises puts you on the frontline of controlling and preventing the spread of animal disease. A disease outbreak cannot be predicted, but it can impact every segment of animal agriculture. Participation ensures that you have the information you need when you need it most to protect your animals and your investment.
- 57. If an exhibitor wants to register their animals, an application form can be found on-line at www.agr.state.il.us/premiseid. Exhibitors who register on-line will receive a premises registration number immediately. An application can also be obtained by calling 866-299-9256. If completing an application and returning by mail, it may take up to 4 weeks to receive the number.

NATIONAL CODE OF SHOW RING ETHICS

- 1. Developed by International Association of Fairs and Expositions (IAFE)
- 2. Exhibitors of animals at livestock shows shall at all times deport themselves with honesty and good sportsmanship. Their conduct in this competitive environment shall always reflect the highest standards of honor and dignity to promote the advancement of agricultural education. This code applies to junior as well as open class exhibitors who compete in structured classes of competition. This code applies to all livestock offered in any event at a livestock show. In addition to the "IAFE National Code of Show Ring Ethics," fairs and livestock shows may have rules and regulations which they impose on the local, county, state, provincial & national levels.
- 3. All youth leaders working with junior exhibitors are under an affirmative responsibility to do more than avoid improper conduct or questionable acts. Their moral values must be so certain and positive that those

younger and more pliable will be influenced by their fine example. Owners, exhibitors, fitters, trainers and absolutely responsible persons who violate the code of ethics will forfeit premiums, awards and auction proceeds and shall be prohibited from future exhibition in accordance with the rules adopted by the respective fairs and livestock shows. Exhibitors who violate this code of ethics demean the integrity of all livestock exhibitors and should be prohibited from competition at all livestock shows in the United States and Canada.

- 4. The following is a list of guidelines for all exhibitors and all livestock in competitive events:
- 5. All exhibitors must present, upon request of fair and livestock show officials, proof of ownership, length of ownership and age of all animals entered. Misrepresentation of ownership, age, or any facts relating thereto is prohibited.
- 6. Owners, exhibitors, fitters, trainers, or absolutely responsible persons shall provide animal health certificates from licensed veterinarians upon request by fair or livestock show officials.
- 7. Junior exhibitors are expected to care for and groom their animals while at fairs or livestock shows.
- 8. Animals shall be presented to show events where they will enter the food chain free of drugs. The act of entering an animal in a livestock show is the giving of consent by the owner, exhibitor, fitter, trainer and/or responsible person for show management to obtain any specimens of urine, saliva, blood, or other substances from the animal to be used in testing. Animals not entered in an event which culminates with the animal entering the food chain shall not be administered drugs other than in accordance with applicable federal, state and provincial statutes, regulations and rules. Livestock shall not be exhibited if the drugs administered in accordance with federal, state and provincial statutes, regulations and rules affect the animal's performance or appearance at the event.
- 9. If the laboratory report on the chemical analysis of saliva, urine, blood, or other sample taken from livestock indicates the presence of forbidden drugs or medication, this shall be prima facie evidence such substance has been administered to the animal either internally or externally. It is presumed that the sample of urine, saliva, blood, or other substance tested by the approved laboratory to which it is sent is the one taken from the animal in question, its integrity is preserved and all procedures of said collection and preservation, transfer to the laboratory and analysis of the sample are correct and accurate and the report received from the laboratory pertains to the sample taken from the animal in question and correctly reflects the condition of the animal at the time the sample was taken, with the burden on the owner, exhibitor, fitter, trainer, or absolutely responsible person to prove otherwise at any hearing in regard to the matter conducted by the fair or livestock show. At any time after an animal arrives on the fair or livestock show premises, all treatments involving the use of drugs and/or medications shall be administered by a licensed vet.
- 10. Any surgical procedure or injection of any foreign substance or drug or the external application of any substance (irritant, counterirritant, or similar substance) which could affect the animal's performance or alter its natural contour, confirmation, or appearance, except external applications of substances to the hoofs or horns of animals which affect appearance only and except for surgical procedures performed by a duly licensed veterinarian for the sole purpose of protecting the health of the animal, is prohibited.
- 11. The use of showing and/or handling practices or devices such as striking animals to cause swelling, using electrical contrivance, or other similar practices are not acceptable and are prohibited.
- 12. Direct criticism or interference with the judge, fair or livestock show management, other exhibitors, breed representatives, or show officials before, during, or after the competitive event is prohibited. In the furtherance of their official duty, all judges, fair and livestock show management, or other show officials shall be treated with courtesy, cooperation and respect and no person shall direct abusive or threatening conduct toward them.
- 13. No owner, exhibitor, fitter, trainer, or responsible person shall conspire with another person or persons to intentionally violate this code of ethics or knowingly contribute or cooperate with another person or persons either by affirmative action or inaction to violate this code of ethics. Violation of this rule shall subject such individual to disciplinary action.
- 14. The application of this code of ethics provides for absolute responsibility for an animal's condition by an owner, exhibitor, fitter, trainer, or participant whether he or she was instrumental in or had actual knowledge of the treatment of the animal in contravention of this code of ethics.
- 15. The act of entering an animal is the giving of consent by the owner, exhibitor, fitter, trainer, or responsible person to have any disciplinary action taken by the fair or livestock show against such individuals published in any publication of the International Association of Fairs and Expositions, including Fairs and Expositions and any special notices to members.
- 16. The act of entering an animal in a fair or livestock show is the giving of verification by the owner, exhibitor, fitter, trainer, or responsible person that he or she has read the "IAFE National Code of Show Ring Ethics" and

understands the consequences of and penalties provided for actions prohibited by the code. It is further a consent that any action which contravenes these rules and is also in violation of federal, state, or provincial statutes, regulations, or rules may be released to appropriate law enforcement authorities with jurisdiction over such infractions.

Illinois Humane Care for Animals Act

The provisions of the Illinois Humane Care for Animals Act (510 ILCS 70; "Act") apply to companion animals and livestock. It is the responsibility of event organizers, animal owners, and participants to be aware of practices and activities that may be considered violations of the Act. Violations of the Act are considered criminal offenses and are prosecuted by county state's attorneys. Event organizers, animal owners, and participants should ensure the following:

- An adequate supply of fresh water shall be provided to animals at all times except when an animal is participating in an event.
- In the event of environmental extremes, such as extreme heat or severe inclement weather, animals must be provided with proper shelter.
- The use of an electric prod on livestock in a chute should not be allowed unless the animal has balked or stalled after the chute has been opened.
- Tail twisting, pulling, and raking over fences when an animal is in the chute or as the chute is being opened should not be allowed.
- An electric prod may only be used while sorting livestock when absolutely necessary and may only touch the animal on the hip or shoulder area. Any overuse of electric prods is prohibited.
- Animals that are sore, lame, sick or injured should not be allowed to participate in the event.
- Veterinary care must be provided to prevent suffering. Any animal sustaining injury at any time must be provided with appropriate veterinary care. The Department encourages all events to maintain a relationship with a local veterinarian to ensure treatment is accessible in a timely manner.
- All events must be conducted humanely. Participants must consider the species, size, age and condition of an animal before its use in an event and whether the event can be conducted humanely.
- Practices such as calf tailing are not exempt from the humane care provisions of the Act.
- All horses must have a current equine infectious anemia test and horses originating from out-of-state must have a current interstate certificate of veterinary inspection.

It is the responsibility of each person associated with an event, including the animals' owners/caretakers, to ensure compliance with all Illinois laws pertaining to animal health and welfare at all times. Approved humane investigators, law enforcement or other entities that observe potential violations of the Humane Care for Animals Act should report those to the county state's attorney at which the event occurred.

For Health Requirement Information:

Illinois Department of Agriculture Bureau of Animal Health and Welfare State Fairgrounds P.O. Box 19281 Springfield, IL 62794-9281 Phone (217) 782-4944

2024 Exhibition Livestock Health Requirements

County Fairs

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

These Exhibition Health Requirements apply to all livestock present at the fair including those animals that are not entered in competitive events.

- 1. Exhibitors are required to familiarize themselves with all rules applicable to their exhibits.
 - All out-of-state animals shall require an entry permit. Entry permit numbers are available online at https://entrypermit.agr.illinois.gov/Login.aspx.
- 2. All animals, except as noted, shall be accompanied by a Certificate of Veterinary Inspection (CVI) which shows that the animal meets all health requirements for the State of Illinois. CVI's shall be made available to Bureau of Animal Health Personnel on request. If an official electronic CVI is utilized, the exhibitor should be able to log on and show Bureau of Animal Health Personnel the completed CVI.

CVI means a legible record made on an official form from the state of origin which has been issued, signed and dated by an accredited veterinarian and which shows the name and address of the animal's owner or exhibitor and the results of all required tests or vaccinations. A CVI shall list only one animal identification per line; shall be presented on the form on which it was initially issued; and shall not be corrected, changed or altered in any manner.

3. All animals shall be officially identified. The animal(s) official identification shall be recorded on the CVI.

Animal identification number (AIN): A numbering system for the official identification of individual animals in the United States that provides a nationally unique identification number for each animal. The AIN consists of 15 digits, with the first 3 being the country code (840 for the United States or a unique country code for any U.S. territory that has such a code and elects to use it in place of the 840 code).

- 4. If animals are from tuberculosis accredited, brucellosis certified, pseudorabies qualified, or brucellosis validated herds, the identifying herd number(s) along with the date of the last herd test(s) shall appear on the CVI.
- 5. CVIs for out-of-state livestock shall be void thirty (30) days after issuance.
- 6. CVIs for Illinois-origin livestock shall be void ninety (90) days after issuance.
- 7. All livestock shall be subject to examination upon entry to any Illinois fair or exhibition. Any animal showing evidence of infectious, contagious or communicable diseases shall be immediately withdrawn and held in quarantine at the owner's risk and expense until properly treated and recovered, or until the animal is released to return to the owner's premise.

Any livestock infected with scabies, mange, active lesions of ringworm, soremouth, or multiple warts which are easily visible without close examination shall not be permitted to exhibit and are subject to quarantine or removal from the fairgrounds.

Sheep and goats with caseous lymphadenitis as evidenced by draining abscesses shall not be exhibited and are subject to immediate quarantine or removal from the fairgrounds.

In the event of the suspicion of or diagnosis of a foreign animal disease, emerging animal disease, or other actionable disease, animals may be subject to quarantine on the fairgrounds until such time that it is determined that the disease is no longer a threat.

8. Illinois Department of Agriculture personnel or designee may collect blood, tissue, milk or urine samples from any animal being exhibited and/or raced at any Illinois fair to test for the presence of illegal drugs or banned

substances. Examination techniques, such as ultrasound, may also be used at anytime while the animals are on the grounds of any Illinois fair or exhibit.

The Illinois Department of Agriculture or designee may collect urine, blood, tissue or other test samples from exhibition animals at the time of slaughter.

- 9. All exhibitors of animals at any Illinois fair or exhibition shall comply with the provisions of the Illinois Humane Care for Animals Act. If violations are observed, the animals(s) will be excused from exhibition and ordered removed from the grounds with all awards being forfeited.
 - Any practice or deviation from normal, accepted care, including physical, medical or mechanical application, shall constitute a violation of show rules and may result in the animal(s) disqualification and removal from the fairgrounds.
- 10. Any Illinois cattle, bison, cervidae or goats being exhibited in non-accredited free states must be isolated from the remainder of the herd/flock upon return to Illinois and retested for tuberculosis 60-120 days post-entry.